REPORT ON

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

FOR THE PROPOSED

Shatruharan High School at Kalyanpur, Block Durgawati, Dist. Kaimur

Your Letter No.- BSEIDC/TECH/1960/2018-1369 Dated - 02.03.2021 [SI. No. 6]

Submitted to The Chief Engineer **BSEIDC**, Patna

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1. INTRODUCTION

The subsoil investigations reported herein were taken up (vide W.O. No. BSEIDC/Tech/1960/2018-1369 Dated – 02.03.2021 [Serial No. 6]

to find out the nature of subsoil at the site of the proposed construction and to recommend the capacity and type of its foundation. After certain tests on the soil, as detailed below, the desired recommendations have been made on **page 3-4** of this Report.

2. FIELD WORK

The fieldwork consisted of sinking bore holes, collecting soil samples and conducting the necessary field tests.

2.1. Boring

Taking guidance from IS: 1892, 150 mm diameter bore holes were sunk at locations shown in the bore hole location map.

2.2 Sampling

2.2.1 Undisturbed Soil Samples

Open drive samplers of 100-mm diameter and about 450-mm length were used for obtaining undisturbed samples of cohesive soils. The collection, sealing, labeling and transportation of the samples to the laboratory were done as per the IS guide-lines.

2.2.2 Disturbed Soil Samples

Disturbed soil samples were collected at suitable intervals of depth (not more than 2.5 m) and at all depths of change in the nature of the subsoil. These samples were sealed in polythene bags with proper identification labels.

2.3 Field Tests

2.3.1 Standard Penetration Tests (SPT)

These tests were conducted as per IS: 2131 – 1963. The depth interval between two consecutive tests was 1 to 1.5 m. The tests were located in between the levels at which undisturbed soil samples were collected.

3. LABORATORY TESTS

Some or all of the following laboratory tests, as necessary, were done on the collected soil samples. Representative soil samples were selected for this from the different soil strata encountered during boring. The tests were performed as per the relevant Indian Standard Codes of Practice.

- (a) Natural moisture content
- (b) Bulk density
- (c) Grain size analysis (using sieves and / or hydrometer)
- (d) Specific gravity of soil solids
- (e) Atterberg's limit tests (liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits)
- (f) Shear Tests :
 - [I] Triaxial compression test (unconsolidated undrained), generally for fine- grained soils
 - [II] Unconfined compression tests, only on cohesive soils
 - [III] Direct shear tests, generally for coarse-grained soils
- (g) Other tests as and when required.

4. PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULTS

The field and laboratory test are given in the **Appendix B**.

5. SOIL STRATIFICATION

The results of field tests in three bore hole sunk at the site [vide Location Sketch in App. A] and the results of laboratory tests conducted on the collected soil samples indicate that the soil stratification at the site is as describe below.

The sub soil in all 3 BH's is sandy silty clay / silty clay [type CI], in layers of different thicknesses in variable sequence, up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl. It is also gritty at some locations and depths.

Ground water table was struck at about 3.40 m to 3.50 m depth below GL in March, 2021. It is subject to seasonal variations.

6. FOUNDATION ANALYSIS

The safe capacity of foundation of any type and size may be determined on the basis of the soil data given in this Report by using the standard methods of foundation design and following the relevant Indian Standard Codes.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

The design of the foundation for the proposed structure depends on the nature of both [a] the subsoil and [b] the structure.

The sub soil in all 3 BH's is sandy silty clay / silty clay [type CI], in layers of different thicknesses in variable sequence, up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl. It is also gritty at some locations and depths.

Ground water table was struck at about 3.40 m to 3.50 m depth below GL in March, 2021. It is subject to seasonal variations.

In the present case,

- 1. The proposed structure may be provided with shallow foundation at a depth of 1.5 m or more.
- 2. Alternatively, U/R piles of lengths 4.0 m to 8.0 m may be used with stem diameters of 0.25 m, 0.30 m and 0.40 m and bulb diameters equal to 2 times the stem diameter.

By way of example, the values of safe capacities of

(1) Shallow foundations and (2) Single or double bulbed u/r piles of the above mentioned sizes and depths have been calculated (vide Samples of Calculations in Appendix F) and are tabulated below.

Depth (m)	Width (m)	Net allowa	ble bearing pressure	(t/m²) for	Maximum expected
	width (m)	Strip footing	Square footing	Raft footing	settlement (mm)
	2.0	7.9	12.2		75
1.5	3.0	5.5	9.6		75
	10.0		· · · ·	7.6	100
	2.0	9.0	15.4		75
2.0	3.0	6.1	10.7		75
	10.0			7.9	100
	2.0	10.2	18.0		75
2.5	3.0	6.8	12.0		75
	10.0			8.3	100
	2.0	11.6	20.0*		75
3.0	3.0	7.6	13.4		75
	10.0			8.8	100
	2.0	13.1	20.0*		75
3.5	3.0	8.4	14.8		75
	10.0			9.3	100
	2.0	14.3	20.0*		75
4.0	3.0	9.1	16.0		75
	10.0			9.7	100
	2.0	15.9	20.0*		75
4.5	3.0	10.0	17.6		75
	10.0			10.3	100

*The calculated values are 20.0 (t/m^2) or more, but for the sake of safety they have been limited to 20.0 (t/m^2) .

Table 2. Safe Capacities of U/R Piles [Factor of safety = 2.5]

Pile length	(subj e	Safe ect to ch		oacity [toni for slend		ratio)						
below pile Cap		Stem diameter (m)										
(m)	0	.25	0.	.30	0.40							
	One bulb	Two bulbs	One bulb	Two bulbs	One bulb	Two bulbs						
4.0	6.9	8.7	9.4	11.9	15.4	20.0						
6.0	9.2	11.3	12.2	15.2	19.5	24.8						
8.0	11.8	14.1	15.4	18.7	23.9	29.7						

[Bulb diameter = 2.0 times the shaft diameter]

*For a preliminary checking of the slenderness ratio, the modulus of subgrade reaction (k) may be estimated from the following empirical relation given in IS: 2950-1981 (Second Revision) Table 1. $k (kN/m^3) = 240 c$, where c (kN/m^2) is the value of cohesion of the soil at the concerned depth.

Notes :

- 1. If a subsoil condition much different from those reported herein is met with during foundation trenching or piling, suitable steps should be taken.
- 2. If concreting of piles is to be done below water table, DMC and tremie method should be adopted.
- 3. If u/r piles are provided, care should be taken to ensure proper formation of bulbs.
- 4. Shallow foundations or pile caps should be isolated from the surrounding expansive soil by layers of compacted local sand.
- 5. As per the provisions of the IS Code, an appropriate number of piles must be subjected to routine load tests to check the veracity of the above recommended values of the safe capacities of piles.

For Bihar Foundation Consultants

(Prof. C.N. Sinha, Dr.-Ing., FIE) Chief Consultant.

Site Names - +2 Building Shatruharn High School Kalyanpur at Durgarati Kaimur TSL. No-67 Bore Hole Location Sketch! - (PN- 210312) Clo-Shatouharan High Schoo at Kalyanpur, Block-Durgavati, Dist-Kaimer Jamunia Boan day wall L - Boundary wall (open Land) vincui b 7 Kalyanpy Dyrgerati I Boundary wal (Play Ground) (BH-2) 8-10784-32 22:3 (BH-1) 17-701 road +2 Shatuham High & chart Nam. Pond Kalyanpus Cayte Dyrgavati Kaimun J Boundary wall T Road ungerta JE BSEID A Bipulkumar

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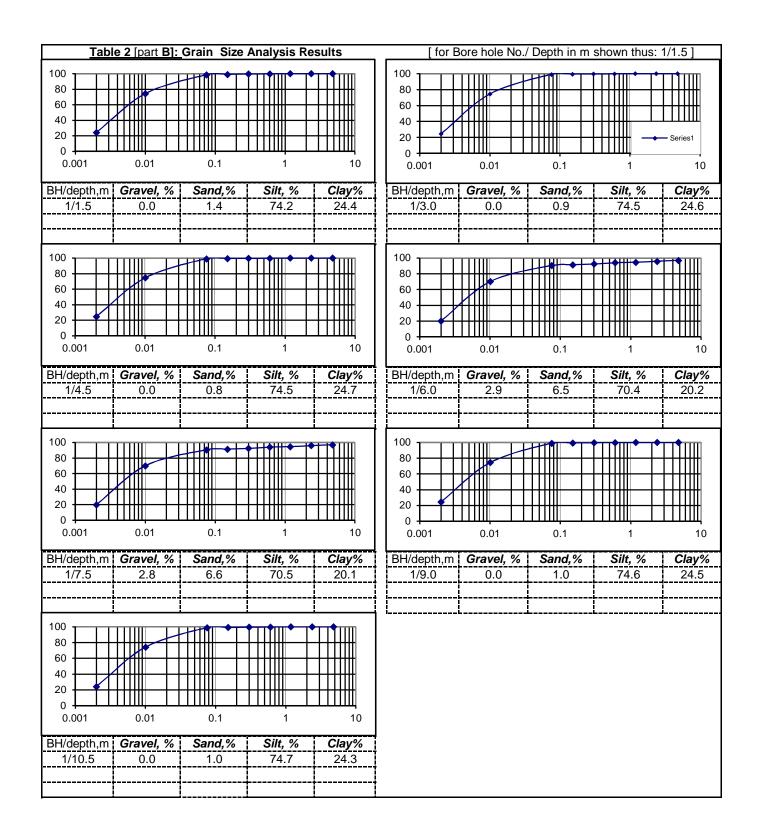
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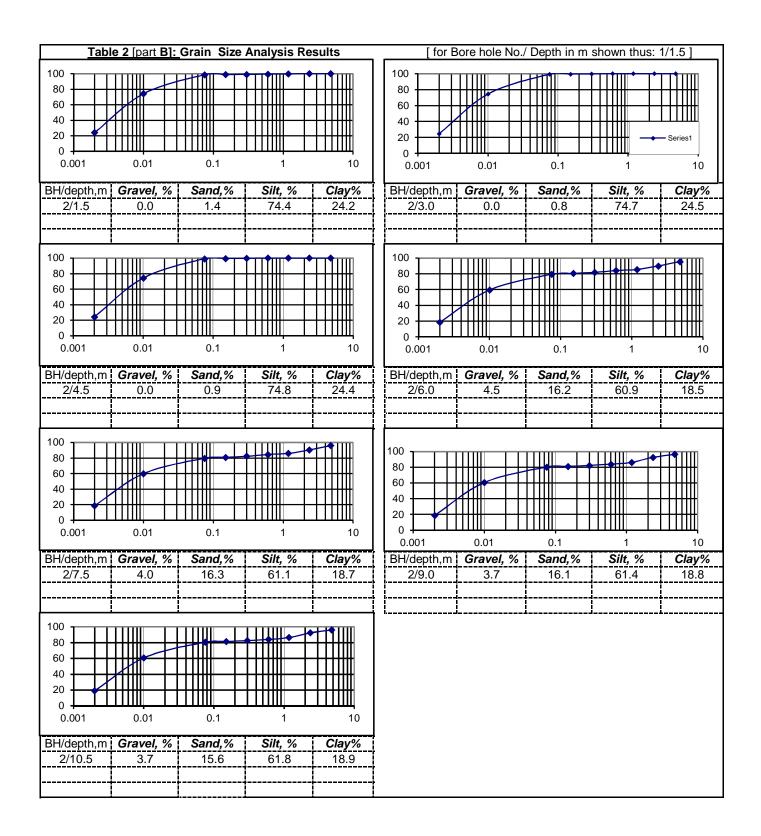
Appendix - A

NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil I	nvestigation for C/O				BORING I	INISH DAT	E : 16.03.2	2021		WATER	TABLE	: 3.40 m	bgl.	
Shatruh	naran Hi	igh School a	at Kalyanpur, Block Durgawati, Dist. Kain	nur			BORING I	METHOD : F	Rotary							
BORE H	OLE NO.	:1	Site Incharge - Bipul Kumar				TERMINA	TION DEPT	H : 10.5 m	1		RECORD	ON	: 16.03.2	021	
- (m)		SPT 'N' Value		Dept	h(m)				%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	e Content			Shear Te	est	dex (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Depi		Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%		Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, f°	Compression Index (C _c)
Dep	Sar	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Liqu	Pla	Pla	Bull	Nat (%)	Spe	Typ	Coł kg/	Fric f°	Cor
1.0			Greyish yellowish silty clay, Cl	0.0		1.5										
1.5	S1	10			1.5		41.9	25.4	16.5	2.00	26.0	2.70		0.48	5.0	
2.5				1.5												
3.0	S2	15	-							2.01	25.3	2.70		0.63	5.1	0.135
4.0																
4.5	S3	16	Greyish silty clay, Cl			6.0	48.4	27.4	21.0	2.02	24.8	2.71		0.65	5.1	0.134
5.5			Greyish siny day, Gr			0.0										
6.0	S4	18								2.02	24.7	2.70		0.69	5.2	
7.0																
7.5	S5	19			7.5		46.5	17.0	29.5	2.02	24.7	2.70		0.71	5.2	
8.5				7.5												
9.0	S6	22	Greyish yellowish silty clay, Cl			3.0				2.03	24.2	2.70		0.77	5.2	
10.0						5.0										
10.5	S7	25			10.5					2.03	24.1	2.69		0.83	5.3	

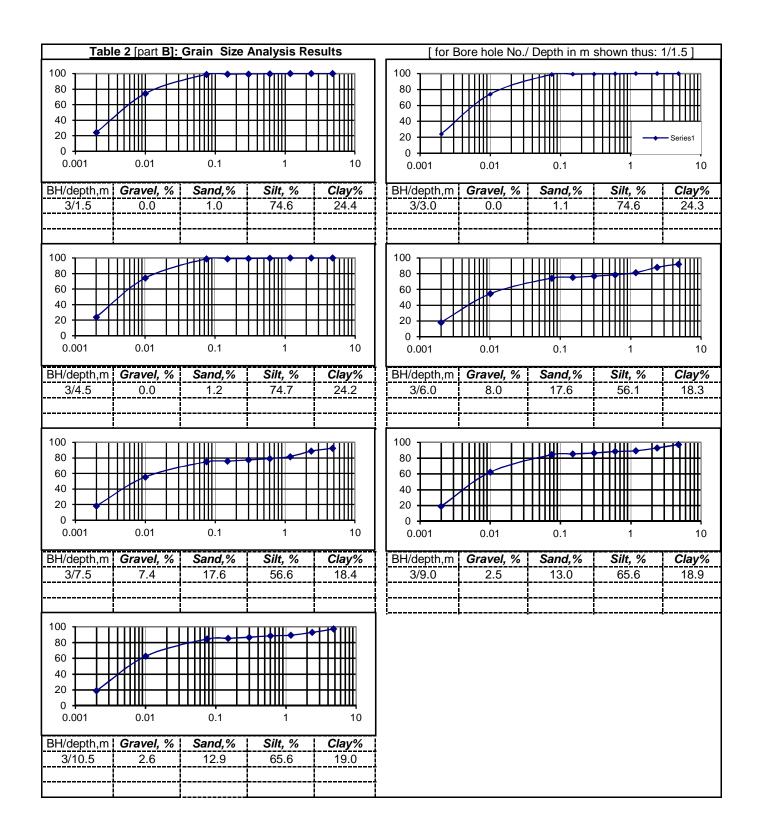
NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil I	nvestigation for C/O				BORING I	INISH DAT	E : 16.03.2	2021		WATER ⁻	TABLE	: 3.50 m	bgl.									
Shatruh	naran Hi	gh School a	at Kalyanpur, Block Durgawati, Dist. Kain	nur			BORING I	METHOD : R	Rotary															
BORE H	OLE NO.	: 2	Site Incharge - Bipul Kumar				TERMINA	TION DEPT	H :10.5 m			RECORD	ON	: 16.03.2	021									
(m) -		SPT 'N' Value											:h(m)				%	n/cm3)	e Content			Shear Te	st	dex (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dopt	ickness (m)		Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, f°	Compression Index (C _c)								
Der	Sar	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Liq	Pla	Pla	Bul	Nat (%)	Spe	Тур	Col kg/	Fric f°	Cor								
1.0				0.0																				
1.5	S1	9	Greyish yellowish silty clay, Cl			3.0				1.99	26.5	2.70		0.44	5.1									
2.5						0.0																		
3.0	S2	17			3.0		44.6	25.6	19.0	2.02	24.7	2.70		0.67	5.1									
4.0			Greyish silty clay, Cl	3.0		1.5																		
4.5	S3	19	Oregisti sing day, or		4.5	1.5				2.02	24.5	2.70		0.71	5.2	0.132								
5.5			Greyish yellowish sandy silty clay, Cl	4.5		1.5																		
6.0	S4	21	with grits		6.0	1.0	42.1	22.4	19.7	2.03	24.3	2.70		0.75	5.2									
7.0				6.0																				
7.5	S5	25								2.03	24.2	2.70		0.83	5.3									
8.5			Greyish sandy silty clay, Cl with grits			4.5																		
9.0	S6	27					44.2	22.1	22.1	2.04	23.5	2.70		0.87	5.3									
10.0																								
10.5	S7	30			10.5					2.05	22.9	2.70		0.93	5.3									

NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil I	nvestigation for C/O				BORING I	INISH DATI	E : 17.03.2	2021		WATER	TABLE	: 3.40 m	bgl.			
Shatruh	naran Hi	igh School a	at Kalyanpur, Block Durgawati, Dist. Kain	nur			BORING I	METHOD : R	lotary									
BORE H	OLE NO.	: 3	Site Incharge - Bipul Kumar				TERMINA	TION DEPT	H :10.5 m			RECORD	ON ON	: 17.03.2	021			
- (m)		SPT 'N' Value					ih(m)				%	n/cm3)	e Content			Shear Te	st	dex (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Depi		Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, f°	Compression Index (C $_{\rm c}$)		
Dep	Sar	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Liqu	Pla	Pla	Bull	Nat (%)	Spe	Тур	Cot kg/	Fric f°	Cor		
1.0				0.0														
1.5	S1	8	Greyish yellowish silty clay, Cl			3.0	47.0	26.1	20.9	1.98	28.1	2.71		0.40	4.6			
2.5																		
3.0	S2	15			3.0					2.01	25.3	2.70		0.63	5.1			
4.0			Greyish silty clay, Cl	3.0		1.5												
4.5	S3	17	Creyish siny only, or		4.5	1.0	47.7	25.0	22.7	2.02	24.7	2.70		0.67	5.1	0.133		
5.5			Greyish yellowish sandy silty clay, Cl	4.5		1.5												
6.0	S4	20	with grits		6.0	1.0				2.02	24.7	2.70		0.73	5.2			
7.0				6.0														
7.5	S5	24								2.03	24.2	2.70		0.81	5.3			
8.5			Greyish sandy silty clay, Cl with grits			4.5												
9.0	S6	25				ч.0												
10.0																		
10.5	S7	27			10.5		43.1	20.2	22.9									

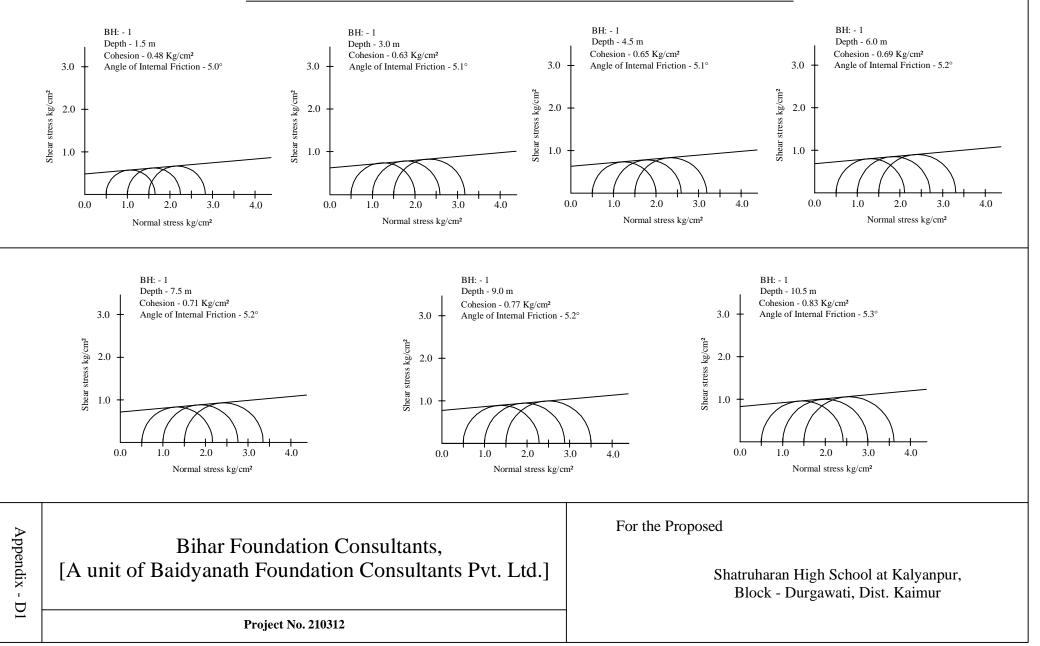




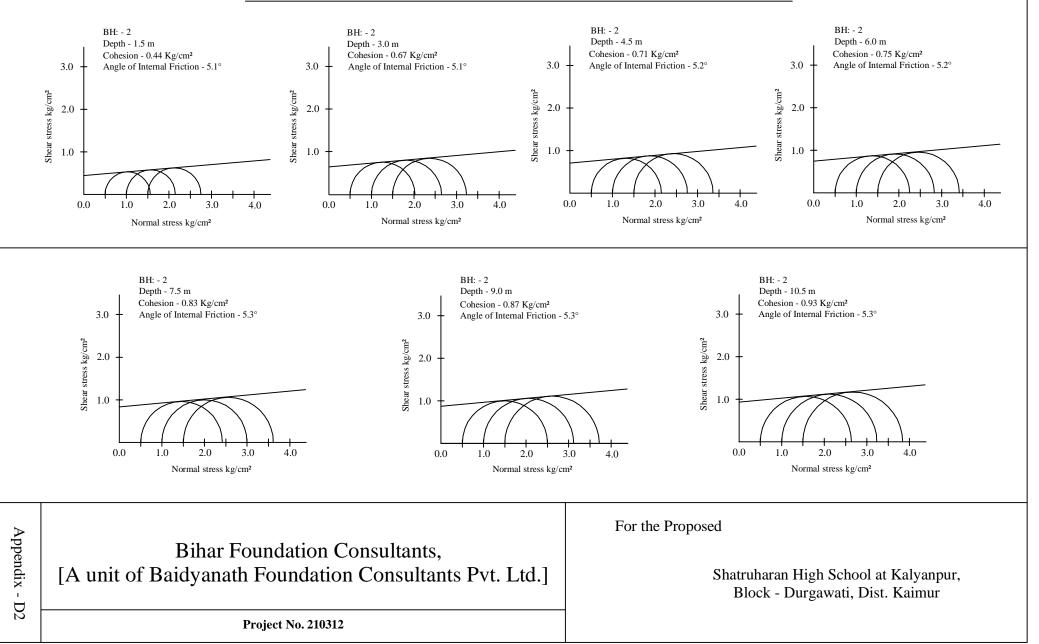
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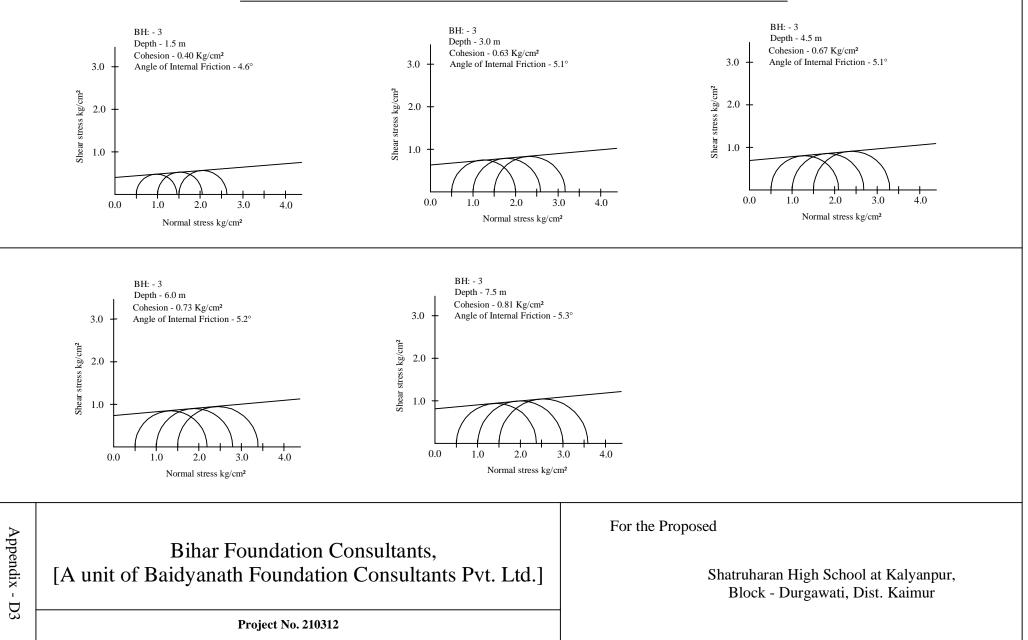
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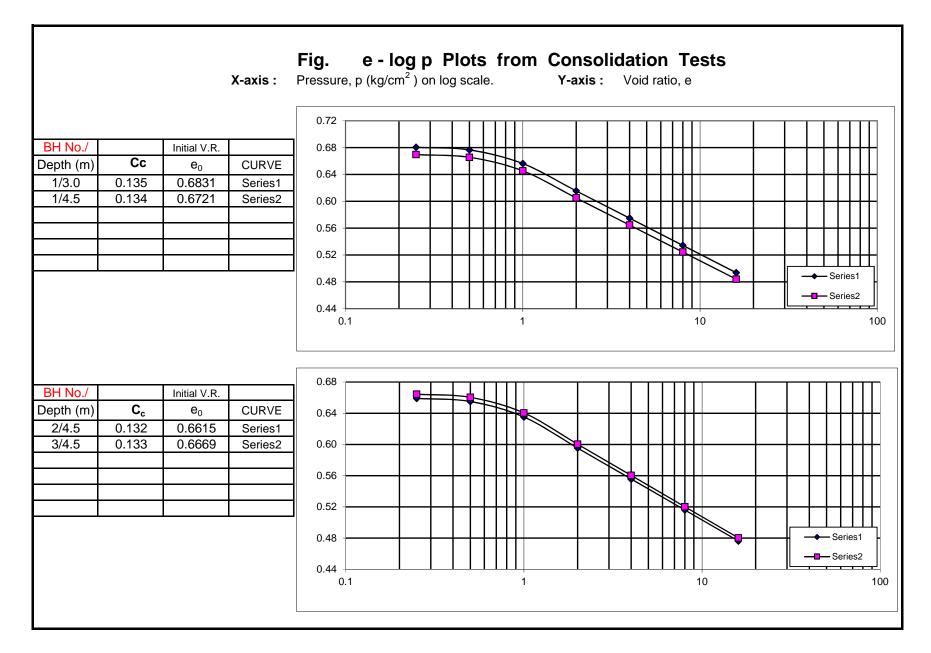


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TRIAXIAL / DIRECT SHEAR TEST PLOTS





SAMPLE CALCULATION OF BEARING CAPACITY OF SHALLOW FOUNDATION

The determination of the net safe bearing capacity, qns, is done on the basis of the shear failure criterion after dividing the value of the **net ultimate bearing capacity** q_{nf} , calculated as described below, by a suitable factor of safety. The net soil pressure, q s, for a given permissible settlement is then calculated as explained in the next section. The lower of the two values, q_{ns} and q_{s} , thus determined is taken as the allowable bearing capacity of the soil.

1. Shear Failure Criterion :

The **net ultimate bearing capacity** q_{nf} (t/m²) of a shallow foundation of breadth B (m) and depth D (m) is given as per IS:6403-1981 (Sec.5.1.2) by the following equation :

 $q_{nf} \ = \ c \ N_c \ \ s_c \ \ d_c \ \ I_c \ \ + \ \ q \ (N_q \ \ - 1) \ s_q \ \ d_q \ \ \ I_q \ \ + \ \ 0.5 \ \gamma \ B \ N_\gamma \ \ s_\gamma \ \ d_\gamma \ \ I_\gamma \ w$

where $c = cohesion (t/m^2)$

 γ = unit weight of subsoil (t/m³) [submerged unit weight, γ ', is taken where so applicable]

q = effective surcharge (t/m²) = γ D

 N_c , N_γ , N_q = bearing capacity factors, which are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil.

 d_c , d_q , d_γ = depth factors I_c , I_q , I_γ = inclination factors = write table 2 = related to cohesion, surcharge and density of subsoil respectively d_c , d_q , d_{γ} = depth factors

= water table factor (= 0.5 to 1.0) depending on the depth, D_w of water table [vide Table below]. W

The bearing capacity factors (N's) are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil. The values of these factors are found for general shear failure by referring to standard tables. If subsoil conditions are such as to lead to local shear failure, the values of these factors are found for a reduced value of angle of internal friction (ϕ ') given by the equation : tan $\phi' = 0.67$ tan ϕ . The value of cohesion is also reduced to c' = 0.67 c.

Sc =	1.3	1+0.2B/L	. 1	d _c =	1+ 0.2 (Nf) ^{0.5} D/ B		D _w at	G.L.	Fou'dn.Level
s _q =	1.2	1+0.2B/L	. 1	$d_q = d_\gamma =$	1	for	f<10°	w =	0.5	1
s _g =	0.8//0.6	1-0.4B/L	1	$d_q = d_\gamma =$	1+0.1(Nf)) ^{0.5} D/ B	f>10°	In	terpolation	between
FOR	sq.// O	Rect.	STRIP	$I_c, I_q, I_\gamma =$	= 1 for vertica	l load		th	ese values	is linear.

The values of the other factors in the above equation for usual conditions are as tabulated below :

In the present case, the representative values of cohesion \bigcirc and angle of internal friction (ϕ) may be obtained from the soil data given earlier. Full submergence of the soil has been assumed. The safe bearing capacity, q_{ns} has been obtained by dividing q_{nf} by a safety factor, 3.

One example of calculation of safe bearing capacity for a certain shape, depth and width of a footing is given in Table A on the next page. The net safe bearing capacity for the footing is entered in the last column of Table A. Calculations for other depths and widths of footings are done similarly.

The value of net safe bearing capacity (q_{ns}) calculated for each set of values of B and D is used for calculating the consolidation settlement s as explained in Sec. 2 below.

2. Settlement Criterion for Foundation on cohesive soil.

As per IS:8009(Part I)-1976, Sec. 9.2.2.2, the settlement s (in mm) is given by the equation :

 $s = [1000 \text{ H } C_c \log (1 + \Delta p/p_o)]/(1 + e_o) \lambda$

H = thickness (in m) of the compressible layer where

 C_c = compression index of the soil

 e_0 = initial void ratio at mid-height of compressible soil layer = its m/c (m) x sp. Gravity

- p_0 = initial effective pressure at mid-height of the layer (t/m²)
- Δp = pressure increment at the mid-height of the layer due to the foundation (t/m²).
- λ = correction factor

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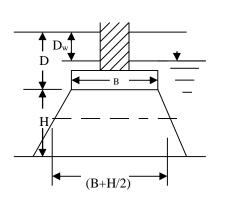
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If there are different layers with different compression indices and void ratios, s is calculated for each one of these and then added together to get the settlement.

The pressure increment at any plane due to the footing load may be calculated by assuming the dispersion of load at a slope of 1 horizontal to 2 vertical. Hence the load applied over a width B of a foundation (vide the Fig. below) is spread at a depth H/2 below it over a width (B + H/2).

A correction factor $\lambda = 0.80$ is used as per IS Code to find the corrected settlement. If this value of corrected s is within the permissible limit specified in the Code, the corresponding value of q_{ns} is also the net allowable bearing capacity q_{na} . If not, trials give the desirued value of q_{na} . One example of this settlement analysis is given below the **Table B** in Sec. 3.

If $D_w > (D+1.5 \text{ B/2})$, $p_0 = g (D+1.5 \text{ B/2}) t/m^2$, otherwise, $p_0 = g D_w + (g - 1) (D - D_w + H/2) t/m^2$



 $\begin{array}{l} D_{w\,e\,depth\,\,of\,\,water\,\,table\,\,below\,\,ground\,\,level\,.}\\ D\ =\ depth\,\,of\,\,foundation\\ B\ =\ breadth\,\,of\,\,foundation\\ H\ =\ 1.5\,\,x\,\,B\ =\ thickness\,\,of\,\,compressible\,\,soil\,\,layer\,\,in\\ the\,\,zone\,\,of\,\,influence\,\,of\,\,the\,\,loaded\,\,foundation.\\ Breadth\,\,of\,\,the\,\,influence\,\,zone\,\,at\,\,the\,\,mid-plane\,\,of\,\,the\\ compressible\,\,layer,\,\,of\,\,\,thickness\,\,H\ =\ (B\ +\ H/2\).\\ In\,\,case\,\,of\,\,a\,\,\,rectangular\,\,or\,\,square\,\,footing\,\,a\,\,similar\\ dispersion\,\,of\,\,load\,\,takes\,\,place\,\,along\,\,the\,\,other\,\,side\,\,of\\ footing. \end{array}$

3. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Table A	Calculation of Net Safe Bearing Capacity	

Shape	e of		F.S.=	γ,	$t/m^3 =$	c =	φ =	Nc =	Na =	N ₂ =
	lation:			1.98	4	4.6	6.36	1.51	0.40	
			dq =			I				
D [m]	B [m]	dc	dg	С	q	Term	Term	Term	qnf	qnf /F
1.5	2	1.16	1	4	1.485	29.61	0.76	0.40	30.77	10.26

The net safe bearing capacity for the footing is to be seen in the last column of the above Table A. This value is checked for settlement as shown below.

 Table B
 Calculation of Settlement

		Gs							
m =	0.281	=	2.71	eo =	0.7615	Cc =	0.136	Dw =	0
		qnf					S	λs	
Depth	Width	/F	ро	Н	Dp	log (1+	[mm]	mm	Remarks
D [m]	B [m]	t/m ²	t/m ²	m	t/m ²	D p/po)	mm	mm	
1.5	2.0	10.3	2.9	3.0	5.9	0.5	110.3	88.2	Not OK
1.5	2.0	7.9	2.9	3.0	4.5	0.4	93.6	74.9	OK

Hence the **net allowable bearing pressure** for a strip footing of width 2.0 m and depth 1.5 m below ground level will be 7.9 t/m².

The calculations for footings of other sizes and depths are done similarly

Calculations of Capacity of U\R Pile for the proposed Shatruharan High School at Kalyanpur, Block Durgawati, Dist. Kaimur

U/R	Pile Ca	pacity Calcula	ation			L	D,stem	Du	No.of bulbs,n=	Qs	
U		puolity Galoale				4.0	0.25	0.50	1	6.9	
	Qu =	Ap Nc cp+	AaNc c'a+	[0.5]As ca+	A's.ca'	4.0	0.25	0.50	2	8.7	
where	Ap =	area of base		pi $D^2/4$		6.0	0.25	0.50	1	9.2	
	•	area of annul	•	pi Du ² /4 - A	Nn.	6.0	0.25	0.50	2	11.3	
			= pi D(L- 1.5 (n-1)			8.0	0.25	0.50	1	11.8	
		area of cyl. b		pi Du 1.5(n		8.0	0.25	0.50	2	14.1	
aver.coh.	/10 -	area er eyn e	01.00100-	pi Du 1.0(ii	I) Du	0.0	0.20	0.00	-		
at base	. CD C	over depth (L-0	0.55) to (L+ 0.45)								
at bulbs, c'a over depth (L-0.55- 1.5 Du) to (L-0.55)											
on stem, c			.5 Du) & (L-0.55)								
cyl. Bet. Bulbs,		• •	Bulb dia =		x shaft dia				•		
Factor of saf		2.50	u.u	_							
L	D	Du	No.of bulbs, n=	Ар	Aa	As	As'	ср	c'a	са	ca'
m	m	m		m²	m²	m ²	m²	t/m ²	t/m ²	t/m ²	t/m ²
4.0	0.25	0.50	1	0.05	0.15	2.32	0.00	6.40	6.40	5.10	
4.0	0.25	0.50	2	0.05	0.15	1.73	1.18	6.40	6.40	5.10	5.10
6.0	0.25	0.50	1	0.05	0.15	3.89	0.00	6.90	6.90	5.60	
6.0	0.25	0.50	2	0.05	0.15	3.30	1.18	6.90	6.90	5.60	5.80
8.0	0.25	0.50	1	0.05	0.15	5.46	0.00	7.30	7.30	6.10	
8.0	0.25	0.50	2	0.05	0.15	4.87	1.18	7.30	7.30	6.10	6.40
	D	Du				[0 5] 4 6 6 6	A a' a a'	0			
L	m	m Du	No.of bulbs, n=	ApNc cp t	AaNc ca' t	[0.5]As ca t	As' ca' t	Qu t	Qs t		
 4.0	0.25	0.50	1	2.83	ر 8.48	5.91	0.00	ر 17.22	6.9		
4.0	0.25	0.50	2	2.83	8.48	4.41	6.01	21.72	8.7		
6.0	0.25	0.50	1	3.05	9.14	10.89	0.00	23.08	9.2		
6.0	0.25	0.50	2	3.05	9.14	9.24	6.83	28.26	11.3		
8.0	0.25	0.50	1	3.23	9.68	16.65	0.00	29.55	11.8		
8.0	0.25	0.50	2	3.23	9.68	14.85	7.54	35.29	14.1		
0.0	0.20	0.00	-	0.20	0.00	1 1100		00.20			
		1							1		
		1									
		1									
	-	-	-	-		-			<u> </u>		

			List of Schools for Soil Test	* *		
51.No.	District	Block	Name of Vidyalay	Letter no. & Date of A/A	Name & Mobile no of Executive Engineer	
1	Jehanabad	Ratni Faridpur	High School, Rakasiya Dyaichak	11/भवन ०८-	Sri Binod Ranjan, 9661863636	
2	Arwal	Kurtha	Govt. High School, Kurtha	02/2018-176 dt. 26.02.2020	Sri Binod Ranjan, 9661863636	
3	Nawada	Hisua	High School, Pacharha		Sri Binod Ranjan, 9661863636	
4	Rohtas	Chenari	Gangotri Project High School, Chenari	11/वि11-48/2018 - 207 dt. 18.03.2020	Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
5	Kaimur	Durgawati	High School, Dhanechha		Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
6	Kaimur	Durgawati	Shatruharan High School, Kalyanpur	11/भवन 08-01/2017- 217 dt. 20.03.2020	Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
7	Kaimur	Ramgarh	High School, Ramgarh		Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
8	Kaimur	Ramgarh	High School Rajendranagar, Deohaliya		Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
9	Kaimur	Nuaon	Ramayan singh High School, Banka Bahuaara		Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
10	Kaimur	Nuaon	Sarvodya High School, Guriyan		Sri Ranvijay Kumar Sinha, 9934961293	
11	Supaul	Chhatapur	Govt. Lalit Narayan Vidya Mandir, Balua Bazar		Sri Satish Prasad, 9523226037	
12	Munger	Dharhara	Bapu Peaveshika High School, Sundarpur	``````````````````````````````````````	Sri Surendra Kumar, 7903912972	
13	Munger	Khargpur	Gandhi Memorial High School, Muzaffarganj	11/वि11-05/2019 - 219 dt. 20.03.2020 and 11/वि11- 05/2019 -118 dt. 18.02.2021	Sri Surendra Kumar, 7903912972	
14	, Munger	Khargpur	Inter High School, Lohachi		Sri Surendra Kumar, 7903912972	
15	Munger	Jamalpur	Sardar Patel High School, Hanspuri		Sri Surendra Kumar, 7903912972	

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बिहार राज्य शैक्षणिक आधारभूत संरचना विकास निगम लिमिटेड BIHAR STATE EDUCATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD.

Govt. of Bihar Undertaking) ISO 9001:14001; OHSAS 18001

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प्रेषक,

मुख्य अभियंता BSEIDC Ltd, Patna

सेवा में,

बिहार फाउंडेशन कंसल्टेन्ट गंगा दर्शन अपार्टमेंट, फ्लैट न०–403 सदाकत आश्रम के पश्चिम, पटना– 800010

विषयः- निर्माण स्थल के मिट्टी जाँच हेतु।

प्रसंगः— भवन निर्माण विभाग का पत्र संख्या—2030, दिनांक—21.04.2006

महाशय,

बिहार राज्य शैक्षणिक आधारभूत संरचना विकास निगम लि० के अधीन ''जहानाबाद, अरवल, नवादा, रोहतास, कैमुर, मुंगेर, सुपौल, वैशाली, सारण, भागलपुर और दरमंगा '' में विभिन्न +2 स्तरीय विद्यालय भवनों का निर्माण कार्य प्रस्तावित है। इन भवनों के निर्माण स्थलों पर मिट्टी की जाँच कराना है, जिसकी सूची (क्रम सं0–1 से 23 एवं 25 से 26 कुल 25)संलग्न है। अतः अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त स्थलों का तीन—तीन बिन्दुओं पर 10.5 मीटर गहराई तक प्रत्येक 1.5 मीटर गहराई में मिट्टी का नमूना संग्रह कर प्रतिवेदन समर्पित करें। साथ ही विहित प्रपन्न में मिट्टी के भार वहन क्षमता की गणना (Isolated एवं Pile Foundation के लिए अलग—अलग) भी Hard Copy एवं Soft Copy में समर्पित करें।

इस जाँच कार्य को इस तरह संपादित करें कि ट्रान्सपोर्टेशन एवं मोबलाईजेशन खर्च कम से कम हो। कार्य स्थलों पर सम्पर्क व्यक्ति, कार्य से संबंधित प्राचार्य / संबंधित कार्यपालक अभियंता रहेंगे। विश्वासुभाजन

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मख्य अभिय

Grip. 02.03.2021

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